

$\Xi_c(2815)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ***

A narrow peak seen in the $\Xi_c\pi\pi$ mass spectrum. The simplest assignment is that this belongs to the same SU(4) multiplet as the $\Lambda(1520)$ and the $\Lambda_c(2625)$, but the spin and parity have not been measured.

$\Xi_c(2815)$ MASSES

The masses are obtained from the mass-difference measurements that follow.

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2816.6 ± 0.9 OUR FIT				
$2817.0 \pm 1.2^{+0.7}_{-0.8}$	73 ± 10	LESIAK	08	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2819.6 ± 1.2 OUR FIT				
$2820.4 \pm 1.4^{+0.9}_{-1.0}$	48 ± 8	LESIAK	08	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815) - \Xi_c$ MASS DIFFERENCES

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
348.8 ± 0.9 OUR FIT				
$348.6 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.0$	20	ALEXANDER	99B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
348.7 ± 1.2 OUR FIT				
$347.2 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.0$	9	ALEXANDER	99B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)^+ - \Xi_c(2815)^0$ MASS DIFFERENCE

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0}$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-3.1 ± 1.3 OUR FIT			
$-3.4 \pm 1.9 \pm 0.9$	LESIAK	08	BELL 73 & 48 events

$\Xi_c(2815)$ WIDTHS

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.5	90	ALEXANDER	99B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<6.5	90	ALEXANDER 99B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)$ DECAY MODES

The $\Xi_c \pi\pi$ modes are consistent with being entirely via $\Xi_c(2645)\pi$.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Xi_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Xi_c^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen

$\Xi_c(2815)$ REFERENCES

LESIAK	08	PL B665 9	T. Lesiak <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ALEXANDER	99B	PRL 83 3390	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)